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No. 18,248.

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HONGKONG, TUESDAY, MAY 3, 1921

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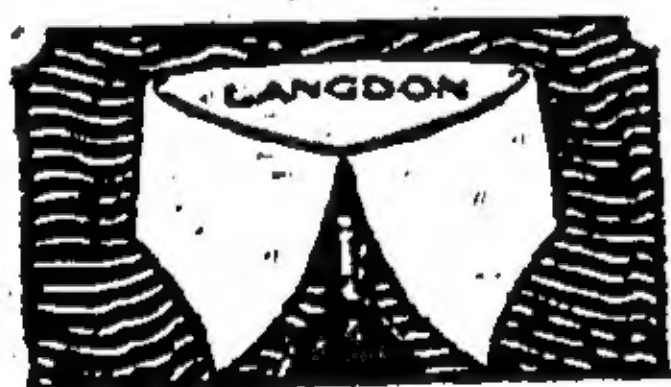
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TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)

CHINA'S PROBLEMS.

SPECIAL CHINESE ENVOY'S MISSION.

MINERS' STRIKE.

LONDON, May 2.

Mr. Chu Chi Chien visited the Foreign Office where he saw Sir Eyre Crowe in the absence of Lord Curzon who was at the Supreme Council. He then attended a government luncheon at the Carlton Hotel at which Mr. Short, the Home Secretary, presided. Dr. Wellington Koo, Sir Charles Addis, Mr. Archibald Rose and other distinguished people were present. Mr. Short paid a tribute to Mr. Chu Chi Chien's great services to China. He said that the Government would do everything possible to help his mission. Mr. Chu Chi Chien replying, dealing with the problems of China, especially referred to the development of commerce and industry in connection with which he was gratified to hear that the British were ready to place at the disposal of China essential scientific knowledge and technical skill. He paid a tribute to the helpfulness of the British engineers and experts already engaged by the Chinese Government. He emphasised that the Chinese fully shared the desire of the British Government to foster the friendliest Anglo-Chinese relations.

Mr. Chu Chi Chien was accompanied to Buckingham Palace by the Chinese Minister and Mr. Archibald Rose. Their Majesties received the distinguished visitor very graciously and cordially accepted the valuable and beautiful gifts he presented. It is understood that the King and Queen will make return gifts to the President. The King will also send a letter acknowledging the President's letter.

COLONIAL MATTERS.

PROBLEMS FOR THE INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE.

LONDON, May 2.

Reuter learns that the Indian High Commissioner, Sir William Meyer, departs for Paris shortly to attend a meeting of the International Colonial Institute which is being opened on May 17, as the principal representative of the Empire. The subjects for discussion include the depopulation of natives in certain colonies, also railway construction programmes and labour exchanges in Africa. Sir William Meyer will be responsible for the discussion on the establishment of colonial magistracies and will also explain the circumstances in relation to the appointment of a high Commissioner for India and the functions of that office.

HOME SPORT.

STRONG INTERNATIONAL FLAVOUR.

LONDON, May 2.

Sport in Britain this summer has a strong international flavour. Besides the Australian cricketers, an American polo team and a crowd of American golfers are arriving to compete for amateur and professional championships and the stream of lawn tennis players from abroad continues. The latest achievement of the American invaders was the American Cutting beating C. N. Bruce 6-3, 6-4, 6-4, in the final of the amateur royal tennis championship at Queen's Club. He meets Baerlein, the holder, on May 4.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKETERS.

LEICESTERSHIRE TEAM HEAVILY DEFEATED.

LONDON, May 2.

In fine weather before 6,000 spectators, Australia made 430 runs for 7 wickets and declared at that figure. Bardsley made 109 runs, and Macartney 177, a sparkling all-round innings with 20 fours. Gregory made 78. Leicestershire made 142 of which Sharp scored 56. The Australians won by an innings and 152 runs.

NERVOUS DISEASES.

SIR ERNEST CASSEL FOUNDS A SANATORIUM.

LONDON, May 2.

Sir Ernest Cassel has given £225,000 to found a sanatorium for nervous diseases. He has purchased a mansion at Pembury. The King and Queen have consented to become patrons.

UPPER SILESIA PLEBISCITE.

INTER-ALLIED COMMISSION'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

BRUSSELS, May 2.

The newspapers state that the inter-allied commission concerning the Upper Silesian plebiscite has dispatched a report to London recommending that the districts of Plesse, Rybnik, and the strip of territory east of Katowitz be assigned to Poland and the remainder of Upper Silesia to Germany.

A SENATOR'S CONVICTION QUASHED.

WASHINGTON, May 2.

The Supreme Court has quashed the conviction of Senator Newberry who was last year sentenced to two years' imprisonment and fined \$2,000 for corrupt practices in the 1918 elections.

LORD DERBY'S IRELAND VISIT.

LONDON, May 2.

In the House of Commons, replying to questions, Mr. Short stated that Lord Derby's visit to Ireland was undertaken purely on his own responsibility and initiative. The Government had not entrusted Lord Derby with a further mission.

JAPANESE OWN PRISON.

OSAKA, May 2.

The Governor of Aomori arrived and called on the Crown Prince on behalf of King Alfonso.

THE DOLLAR.

Today's closing rate 2/6 5/8
Today's opening rate 2/6 5/8

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)

MINERS' STRIKE.

LONDON, May 2nd.

The coal situation is unchanged. During the week-end a number of the district associations have shown up unacceptably as regards the acceptance of Government's offer. Fuller meetings have not yet met. It is widely pointed out that this is the first great occasion when miners have been refused to express opinion by ballot. The miners' delegates appear adamant that a ballot shall not be taken. Nevertheless, there is no ray of hope of the miners deserting the Federation, and how the deadlock shall ultimately be broken down, from where and how will come the new feeling more to bring the parties together, seems most obscure and most remote. "A long strike" sums up the feelings generally with possibilities of appalling complications and happenings ever lurking in the background. Mr. Camp (1) speaking at Leeds, declared, "Unless things alter, I candidly think we shall drift into a state of war within a fortnight."

U.S. SHIPPING STRIKE.

NEW YORK, May 2nd.

Numerous marine workers throughout the country have already ceased work. Trade Unionists predict that approximately 30,000 seamen and 10,000 others will quit ships at New York in the next twenty-four hours.

CRICKET SCORING.

LONDON, May 2nd.

The Marylebone Cricket Club Committee has, finally, decided that the system of scoring the points in the County Championship will be the same as last year; namely, five points for a win, and the side leading in the first innings of a drawn match scoring two points, and the opponents nothing.

SPECIAL CHINESE ENVOY.

LONDON, May 2nd.

His Majesty the King, this morning, received Chu Chi-chien, at Buckingham Palace, who presented his Majesty with an autograph letter from the President of China, also several valuable gifts. Chu Chi-chien was entertained to a luncheon by the Government at the Carlton Hotel, and visited the House of Parliament in the afternoon. He attended a reception at the Chinese Legation yesterday.

SPORT.

LEAGUE TENNIS.

H.K.C.C. V. C.S.C.C.

On Saturday afternoon, the Hongkong Cricket Club's tennis VI visited the Civil Service Cricket Club at Happy Valley, and played an interesting series of games in connection with the Senior Division of the Hongkong Lawn Tennis League. All the games were very keenly contested and a strenuous struggle gave the visitors the victory by 55 games to 44.

The scores were—
Sayer and Wood (C.S.C.C.) lost to Humphreys and Sewell, 3-6; beat Dinsdale and Henderson, 6-5; lost to Dodwell and Grimble, 5-8.

Bradbury and Fincher (C.S.C.C.) lost to Humphreys and Sewell, 5-8; beat Dinsdale and Henderson, 7-4; lost to Dodwell and Grimble, 5-6.

Valentine and Smith (C.S.C.C.) lost to Humphreys and Sewell, 2-9; beat Dinsdale and Henderson, 7-4; beat Dodwell and Grimble, 6-5.

SOUTH SEA ISLANDS.

DEVELOPMENT OF TRADE.

The South seas are becoming important commercially. The island where Captain Cook was killed now does a thriving business in tourists and pineapples. The Fiji Islanders have turned Methodist and, discarding war as a profession, have taken to producing copra. Everywhere among the island groups western planters have planted coconut groves in which island peoples are learning the meaning of daily labour; for copra, or the dried meat of the coconut, is greatly desired in the West for making soaps and butter substitutes and many other things for which vegetable oils are needed. Shanks' fish and a sea-slug called beche-de-mer are important articles of trade for the Chinese market. Mother-of-pearl, vanilla, rubber—tropical products of many sorts—are being demanded each year in increasing quantities. And great nations are finding in the markets of the islands a field for rivalry in the sale of manufactured goods. Sewing machines cluster in palm-tree huts. European cotton prints and huts have appeared the native tapa cloth and European perfumes and cosmetics are taking the place of the fragrant substances and fragrant oil.

BUSINESS NOTICES

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
to the REGISTER of SHAREHOLDERS
of the Corporation will be CLOSED ON
THURSDAY, 5th MAY to SAT-
URDAY, 28th MAY (both days inclu-
sive) during which period no Transfer
Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors
A. G. STEPHEN,
Chief Manager

Hongkong, April 28, 1921.

NOTICE.

WE have authorized Messrs. REGINALD MEIN AUSTIN, CEDRIC CHARLES BOYEL and ALLAN BROWN STEWART to sign for the Company "per procuration" from this date.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.
Hongkong. May 1, 1921.

A WILD SORT OF WAR.

We must face this fact, if there is to be the faintest hope of a firm and successful foreign policy. We must face it even if we happen to agree with this particular part of our domestic policy. Defiance might in some cases be a policy; but defiance can never be anything but a defect, a loss of one of our five wits. As I shall show in a moment, there is a very particular and pressing danger to England in this case. But for the sake of clearness and order let us put first what the case is, and how it appears such critics all over the continents of Europe and America. In this connection it is necessary to bear in mind two facts. First, outsiders not only know what we are doing, but they sometimes know what we are doing better than we do. Details appear in their papers which are often as pressed in our own papers. Even one will remember this fact if it happened to follow the Marconi case. And, second, even when lies are told against us along with the truth, the force of course they are, the outsider pays no attention to our papers, which do not publish the truth, even when it contradicts the lies. But, long before we come to any of these details, there are two broad impressions about England in Ireland to-day, which are bewildering the whole world. First is that England has abandoned the government of Ireland. And we are conducting now is not government at all. It does not really profess to be government at all at the best war, and a very wild

FOUND.—On SATURDAY night,
A BULL DOG. Apply Box
1008, c/o "CHINA MAIL."

The peril to England is of the most practical sort. Here again there is no question of a romantic nemesis, but rather of a very cold and ugly realism. Modern nations may not go to war with each other for purely romantic reasons ; but when they do go to war, they must have a romance ready to hand. The manifest and monstrous parade of militarism in Prussia made it much easier to persuade the peoples of the Entente of a real moral attack on militarism itself. The Kaiser had reason to curse the day when he artificially elevated his moustaches like a stage brigand ; it made it considerably more difficult for him to assume, at a later stage, the mutton-chop whiskers of a Mid-Victorian Pacifist. Europe did not go to war with the Kaiser for cupping his moustaches, or for doing many much worse things. But when the war came all those things came back with it, and made it a war to the death. The moustache, the militarism, the mad speeches were already a familiar jest when they turned into deadly earnest. We had the vast advantage of having for an enemy one who was already a butt. And behind this grotesque mask was all the real wickedness of Prussia. History, which was explored more and more as the war proceeded. Story after story stung to life again the tortured heroism of the Alliance. Story after story of that sort is now being told about the English in Ireland, with every hour that passes.

For we will be the same in our own case. Foreign nations may not make war on us for oppressing Ireland. No did they make war on Prussia for oppressing Poland. Modern nations as we have said, do not perhaps make war for so noble a romance; but when modern nations do make war they take full advantage of the romance. For the purpose of this practical argument it would not matter even if it were only a romance. Let it be agreed for the sake of argument, that it was not with mere Prussian wickedness that the world went to war; but it was with Prussian wickedness that the world refused to make peace. It was the long perspective of the infamies in the past that made men so long a perspective of battles against her in the future. Even if it was not against the oppressor of Poles and Danes that the diplomatic combined, it was largely against the oppressor of Poles and Danes that the democracies consented to go on fighting. And the Poles and Danes were not, as the Irish are, scattered everywhere among all the new democracies of the earth. We can afford to be less than the Germans to distribute our loaves everywhere; for we gave our food everywhere. Our very kitchen garden, our very kitchen, very larder are behind doors of which these loaves, or friends may wish to be key. It was touch-and-go with even when all the American Republics and all the Australasian colonies were regarded not as fighting against despotism. And we are piling

Butcher Meat.		Poultry.	
Best Strick, -Mal Long Pa	15	Chickens, -Kai Tai	15
Prime Oat, -Hau Ngai Yek	22	Capon, Small, -Siu Kai	22
Corncod, -Hau Ngai Yek	22	Capon, Large, -Siu Kai	22
Roast, -Shih	20	Duck, -Ap	20
Breast, -Ngai Nam	16	Dove, -Pan Nan	16
Coop, -Tong Yek	16	Eggs, Hen, -Kai Tan (cooking)	16
Sheep, -Ngai Yek Pa	20	Eggs, Hen, -Kai Tan (fresh)	20
Steak Strick, -Ngai Lan	20	Fowls, Canton, -Kai	15
Sausages, -Ngai Cheung	25	Fowls, Hainan, -Hoi Nam Kai	25
Sallock's Brains, -Ngai No pa sui	10	Geese, -Ngo	20
Tongue, fresh, -Ngai Leach	50	Pigeons, Canton, -Pak Kap	25
Tongue, corned, -Ngai Ngai Li	50	Hothow, -Hoi Han Pak Kap	25
Head, -Ngai Tai	20	Turkey, Cook, -Fo Kai Kung	15
Horn, -Ngai Sam	12	Turkey, Hen, -Fo Kai Kung	15
Hump, Salt, -Ngai Kin	18	Salp, -Sha Tai	20
Wing, -Ngai Kook	20	Pheasant, -Shen Kai	20
Kidney, -Ngai Yin	9	Quail, -Om Oam	20
Ngai Mid	18	Partridge, -Che Ka	20
Liver, -Ngai Kon	15		
Tripe (undressed), Ngai To	15		
Alves Head and Feet, -Ngai tai	10		
Matton Chop, -Young Pal Kwai	32		
Lag, -Young Pal	25		
Shoulder, -Young Shau	25		
Saddle, -Young Ou Yek	25		
Pig's Chilling, -Chu Chang	25		
Bacon, -Chu No	25		
Feet, -Chu Kook	15		
Fry, -Chu Chap	15		
Head, -Chu Tai	15		
Heart, -Chu Hain	10		
Kidney, -Chu Yin	10		
Liver, -Chu Kook	15		
Pork Chop, -Chu Pal Kwai	25		
Lag, -Chu Pal	30		
Loth, -Chu Hau Tai	24		
Fat or Lard, -Chu Yek	22		
Sheep's Head and Feet, -Young			
Tail, -Chu Kook	25		
Head, -Young Shau	12		
Kidney, -Young Yin	10		
Liver, -Young Kon	15		
Soaking Eggs, to Fry, -Chu Tai	24		
Just, Beef, -Shang Ngai Yek	15		
Matton, -Shang Young Tai	32		
Veal, -Young Tai Yek	30		
Sausages, -Ngai Tai Chang	25		
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Fruits.	
Almonds, -Hau Yang	25
Apples, (California), -Kam Shan	
	Ping Ko
Bananas, (Indie), -Macao, -San	
	Hong Chi
Carambola, -Young Te	
Cocoanuts, -Ye Tao	
Lemons, China, -Ling Mung	
Lemons, (America), -Kam Shan	
	Ling Mung
Liches, Dried, (small store), -	
	Jai Chi Kon
Oranges, (Canton), Sweet, -	
	Shau Sheng Tin Chang
Oranges, Tin Chang	
Pears, (Canton), Cooking, -Sha Li	
Peaches, -Fa Shong	
Persimmons, Large, -Hung Tse	
Plantain, -Tai Chin	
Pumpkin, Green, -Tsin Lo Yek	
Walnuts, -Hoi To	
Grapes, -Po Tai Tai	

toppling tradition against ourselves which will make them regard us as the last survival of despotism. Every young South American State will be proud to be counted among our enemies. When one of the hundred entanglements of Imperial politics brings us again into a war that will become a crusade. The defeat of England will be the defence of small nations; the ruin of England will be the reconstruction of the world. The nation we love will be the one obstacle to a League of Nations. The war that will end us will be the war that will end war. That we think this wild and exaggerated, that we think where all I said that we are better than Prussia, that we think there is a case for us that foreigners do not see, is nothing to do with the point. It is no question of what we think, but of what they think. It is not a question of what they do not see, but of what they do see. And what they see, when they see the black and tan uniform in Ireland, is what we saw when we saw the black and yellow flag flying over Belgium. They see the last and most tolerable of the ancient tyrannies of the earth. When once the free nations, for whatever original cause, and got their teeth into this Prussian tyranny, they were resolved never to let go. They hung on until it dropped. *Abet ones.*

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BIRTHS.

STEWART.—On March 9, 1921, at Alderley Edge, to Mr. and Mrs. K. D. Stewart, a daughter.
TAYLOR.—On April 27, 1921, at Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Taylor, a son.

MARRIAGES.

HARDER.—HOLYHEAD.—On April 23, 1921, at Shanghai, John R. Harder, only son of the late Capt. H. Harder and Mrs. R. A. Harder, of Shanghai, to Gladys Winifred, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Holyhead, of London, England.
HARVEY.—HARRIS.—On April 27, 1921, at Shanghai, Surgeon Lieutenant Commander Gerald S. Harvey, M.B. Royal Navy, and Phyllis Adele Harris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Harris, of Shanghai.

DEATHS.

MORRIS.—On March 16, 1921, at Port Said, Charles Morris, Sub-Inspector of Shanghai Municipal Police, age 35.
HUTCHISON.—On April 20, 1921, suddenly in London, James David Hutchison, director of W. M. Strachan & Co., Ltd., London and Japan and of Calder Marshall & Co., Ltd., Shanghai.

The China Mail

TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE.

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, MAY 3, 1921.

ROADS WORTH WHILE.

Although it is for taipans, a class already well-favoured, the *China Mail* is disposed to accord a favourable smile to the project for making a good road through from Mount

his offer a parcel of sausages for tea. It may even be possible to ride up in the tram without that feeling of being an abject worm which the audible predominance of the Oxford accent of 1904-5 compels. Will not that be a pleasant change? But no doubt some of us will be scriving to get into the new taipans' club and the new taipans' suburb with the won't-be-happy-till-he-gets-it look that characterises one or two of our present climbers. For it must be admitted that we are thus constituted. Man wants but little here in Hongkong, but he wants it as good as his neighbour's. We cut our coats (if so vulgarly plebeian an image can be tolerated) not according to our cloth, but according to the cut of the people a little higher up. Our wants are modelled on their desires, rather than on our own needs. Our troubles are home-made, and our slavery self-imposed. Our selfishness costs so much that we feel we cannot afford the things our natural comfort seems to call for.

OTHERS AND US.

It does not need a book by Mr. Bland or any other writer to tell us that the state of affairs in China is unsatisfactory. We know it, he knows it, they know it. But nor we nor he can claim any right to say that the outlook is hopeless. The Chinese have lived together a very long time. They have got over domestic troubles before, and will again. In the meantime, no doubt it is exasperating to foreigners whose trade fares better with settled conditions. It is amusing to think of all the solemn, gloomy, and pessimistic things a Chinese paper published in London or Liverpool would be able to say at the present time about the state of things in England. One can imagine the Chinese editor pointing out (in the Bland manner) that the English administration has been seized by a caucus of militarists and other grafters, that the English coal coxies are on strike, and threatening civil war, that the army is not winning the war in Ireland, that the Mandarin Bottomley is expected to grab the throne, and so on. All of which would be a coloursome imitation of journalistic comments on Chinese affairs, and enable us to feel something of the emotions with which educated Chinese must read foreign references to their own politics. Will not some Chinese editor in Hongkong oblige with a discussion of events in Europe as they appear to him to-day?

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of a Chinese who absconded when sent by his employer, a shopkeeper with premises at No. 355 Queen's Road Central, to pay a bill of \$272.

In Queen's Road yesterday afternoon a thief snatched a pair of earrings (valued at \$300) worn by a Chinese lady and made off down a side lane. He successfully eluded pursuit.

The following approaching wedding is announced: Mr. W. E. Hale to Miss Nell Elizabeth Lumsair, on *sous* from India by the s.s. "Laisang"; Lt. N. L. Hammond, R.E. to Miss Nora Annabel Mitchell of Kowloon.

Yesterday afternoon a Chinese was admitted to the Government Civil Hospital suffering from scalds alleged to have been received in the course of a quarrel with another man who threw boiling water on him. The alleged assailant has been arrested.

In connection with the armed robbery at Samshipo reported yesterday, a Chinese was this morning charged before Magistrate Orme. Inspector Pitt said that he had been instructed by the C.S.P. to apply for a week's remand as there was a chance of arresting the other men. The Magistrate formally remanded the accused in police custody for two days.

The next Organ Recital by Mr. Denman Fuller will be given in St. John's Cathedral on Monday evening next at 9.15 p.m. when Mrs. A. M. Bowes-Smith will be the vocalist. The vocal selections will be Mendelssohn's "Jerusalem, thou that kildest the prophets" and that brilliant Aria "Rejoice greatly" from Handel's popular "Messiah." The organ pieces will include several by request.

Two cases of plague (one fatal), two cases of small-pox (one fatal), one case of paratyphoid fever (imported), and two cases of enteric fever, all Chinese, were reported during the 48 hours ended yesterday. Last week seventeen Chinese died from small-pox, one from plague, one from enteric fever (imported), one from cerebral spinal fever, and four from influenza (four non-fatal). Two non-fatal cases of small-pox, Indian, three fatal cases of small-pox, Chinese, and two of cerebral spinal fever, also Chinese, were reported yesterday.

SIR JAMES LOCKHART.

DISTINGUISHED PUBLIC SERVICE.

HONOURED BY CHINESE.

GRACEFUL TRIBUTE PAID.

The high esteem in which Sir James Lockhart retiring Commissioner of Weihaiwei and Lady Lockhart are held by the Chinese in Hongkong was illustrated yesterday when they were entertained at tea in the Hongkong Hotel by Mr. Lau Chu-pak and several other Chinese friends. During the function the guests of honour were made the recipients of a presentation which took the form of a silver model of a junk in full sail and some panels, embroidered in silk, which will be framed in due course, in blackwood, as a screen.

The names of those who took part in the presentation, most of whom were present, were—Sir Robert Ho Tung, the Hon. Mr. Lau Chu Pak, the Hon. Mr. Chan Siu Ki, Messrs. Chan Chun Chuen, Ho Koon Tong, Kwok Shui Lau, R. H. Kotewall, Tong Lai Chuen, Sir Tak Pan, Yip Lan Chuen, Leung Yat Ho, Lo Cheung Shui, Li Yau Chuen, Chao King Wah, Chan Tung Sang, Lo Cheung Ip, Chia Chow Sam, Fung Ping Shan, Chan Cho Hing, Yan Shui Chi, Chow Shou Son, Wong Lu Tung, Li Ping, Li See Tuen, Chan King Yue, Ng Hon Tze, Wong Kam Fook, Ho Shai Wing, and Chang Foo.

Those who had been invited to meet Sir James and Lady Lockhart on the occasion included—H. E. the Officer Administering the Government (Dr. Cland Severn), the Acting Chief Justice (Mr. H. H. J. Gompertz and Mrs. Gompertz), the Vice-Chancellor of the University (Sir William Brunyate) and Lady Brunyate, the Puisne Judge (Mr. J. R. Wood), the Colonial Secretary (the Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe), the Attorney-General (the Hon. Mr. J. H. Kemp, K.C.), the Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., the Secretary for Chinese Affairs (the Hon. Mr. S. B. C. Ross), the Director of Education (the Hon. Mr. E. Irving), Mrs. Jordan, Mr. and Mrs. R. Hancock, Mr. G. N. Orme, Mr. R. A. North, and others.

The Hon. Mr. Lau Chu Pak said:—Your Excellency, Ladies and Gentlemen,—As Sir James and Lady Lockhart are passing through this Colony on their way home on a well-earned retirement, their Chinese friends in Hongkong are availing themselves of this opportunity to demonstrate to them once more their high esteem and affectionate regard for them. It has been a great pleasure to me to have been chosen by my compatriots as the instrument for conveying their sentiments to you, and I am one of Sir James' old friends, but also because I was selected to read the Chinese text of the address which was presented to him, when he was leaving these shores to take up the high office of His Majesty's Commissioner at Weihaiwei in April, 1902.

Sir James Lockhart, it is just 19 years since you left us, and it must be a source of gratification and pride to you to know that neither time nor distance has in any way diminished the esteem which your Chinese friends, here, had for you, while you were guarding their interests during your 21 years' distinguished service in Hongkong. We can never forget the great interest you always took in our welfare. Particularly shall we ever remember, with gratitude, your share in the re-organization of our District Watch Force, the Tung Wah Hospital and the Po Leung Kuk, all of which institutions are now working smoothly along the main lines laid down by you. This is a testimony of your foresight and organizing ability, as well as of your intimate knowledge of Chinese mentality and characteristics. For Lady Lockhart the Chinese also entertain sincere respect and genuine admiration for the personal interest which she has always taken in them, and for the sympathy, understanding, and ability with which she has helped you in your responsible and difficult duties. We are, indeed, glad to see you and Lady Lockhart, once more, but this gladness is already mingled with a feeling of sadness, for we are also here to say good-bye to a token of affectionate regard and good wishes, we would ask you and Lady Lockhart to accept some souvenir of no intrinsic value. The silver junk is emblematic of that merciful sail which brings relief and happiness, such as the relief and happiness which you must have brought to thousands of stricken and distressed souls during the recent drought at Weihaiwei. The four characters engraved on the little vessel mean "Tranquil retirement among your trees and streams." It is our earnest wish that happiness and tranquillity will ever attend your hard-earned rest. We have here another humble gift in the shape of four embroidered pictures which will be framed in the form of a screen made of blackwood. We are sorry that the short time at our disposal has not permitted of the framework being completed in time, but when it is ready, we will take pleasure in having it forwarded to you. In the meantime, we would ask you to accept this silver miniature screen instead. We hope that this article with the junk will sometimes remind you of us—of our old friendship, and of the

21 years of your life spent in our midst. We also hope that the screen will ever shield you and yours from stress and storm, while the junk will bring you, in all her voyages, full loads of bliss and contentment.

Sir James Lockhart, in reply, said:—Your Excellency, Mr. Lau, and Chinese friends: I thank you on behalf of my wife and myself, very sincerely, for the kind manner in which you have asked us to come here, and for the far too flattering remarks in which Mr. Lau has expressed his feelings. As you will all understand, when one is saying "good-bye" to a place one feels it impossible to give expression in words to one's feelings, but it would be very ungrateful on my part, and on the part of my wife, if I did not endeavour to tell you how thoroughly we appreciate the fact that you, our old Chinese friends, have not forgotten us and have given evidence, once again, of that friendship which we have always shown when you have visited.

I see around me here, to-day, friends whom I have known for now nearly 41 years. Some of them were not so young when I first knew them as they are now—(laughter). My old friend Mr. Chan Chun Chuen has now attained the advanced age of 85 years and looks as if he were full of vigour. I am sure he will reach 100; he enjoys the wonderful capacity of being able to maintain great vigour with old age. He has—what all of us envy him for—four generations living under his roof. I also see among my friends some whom I knew when they were much poorer than they are now. I remember them when they would have been pleased with very little cash, and to-day, I understand, a building would not contain it all—(laughter).

Mr. Lau Chu Pak has referred in far too flattering terms to anything I have done for the Chinese. I have always found them loyal and true, a most lovable race, and there is nothing I feel more in departing than in the fact that I will see so few in the Old Country. But I assure you that, though I may change my sky, I shall not change my mind and amongst the most pleasant recollections of my life in the East will be the fact that so many years have been spent amongst the Chinese, who have always appeared to me loyal and true in every sense of the word. I regret I cannot say all I would like to say, but I can tell you it requires no material memento to keep you in mind. I shall always remember you and remember what you have done for me. I thank you very much indeed.

AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

DINNER AND RECEPTION.

Sir James and Lady Lockhart were the guests of H. E. the officer administering the Government (Hon. Dr. Cland Severn C. M. G.) and Mrs. Severn at a dinner held at Government House last night. There were also present—His Honour the Acting Chief Justice and Mrs. Gompertz, the Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe, Sir William and Lady Brunyate, the Hon. Mr. J. H. Kemp, K.C. and Mrs. Kemp, the Hon. Mr. C. McI. Messer, the Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., and Mrs. Pollock, the Hon. Mr. A. E. and Mrs. Irving, and the Misses Irving, the Hon. Mr. Lau Chu Pak, the Hon. Mr. Chan Siu Ki, Dr. G. P. Jordan, L.L.D., and Mrs. Jordan, Dr. T. W. Pearce, L.L.D., Mr. C. D. Wilkinson, Mr. and Mrs. R. Hancock, Mr. and Mrs. H. Hancock, Mr. Ho Koon Tong, Mr. C. D. Melbourne, the Aide-de-Camp (Lieut. Hammond, R.E.), and the Private Secretary (Mr. R. A. North).

Subsequently a reception, attended by a large number of prominent citizens, took place in the hall room where a dance programme was provided. The reception rooms had been most effectively decorated and the lawn grounds were brilliantly illuminated with multi-coloured electric light globes.

The following were invited to the reception:—H.E. Sir G. M. Kirkpatrick, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., Lady Kirkpatrick, and the Misses Kirkpatrick, Amiral Tommes, Major and Mrs. Law, Major Wakefield, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Taylor, Col. Davey, Major and Mrs. H. Greenaway, Mr. Allan Keith, Lieut. Col. Bowen, Mrs. Bowen and the Misses Bowen, Col. and Mrs. Delacombe, Mr. H. A. Cartwright, Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Hale, Mr. and Mrs. T. Pettie, Mr. and Mrs. Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. A. Hicks, Major and Mrs. Edwards, Major and Mrs. Timmins, Major and Mrs. B. Young, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Croese, Major-General T. Stevenson, Major and Mrs. Semmes, Major and Mrs. Bagmill, Lieut. Col. Nicholson, Pere Robert, Major Hocking, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Stopford, Rev. Gordon V. K. Stait, R.N. Rev. and Mrs. J. Kirk Macdonald, Mrs. Ware Rogers, En. Commd. and Mrs. Aveling, Commd. and Mrs. Cantlie, Commd. Brady, Lieutenant-Commander Gilchrist, Mr. J. Scott, Harcourt, Lieutenant-Jaeger, Lieut. Dupres, Capt. Daralan, J. et Mme. Reap, the Warwood Officers of the "Montcalm," Dr. K. H. Digby, M.B., and Mrs. Digby, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Middleton, Smith, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Hinton, Mr. N. Teedale, Mackintosh, and Mrs. G. T. Ekins and Mrs. Ekins.

CONSTABLES' THEFT.

A PURSE STOLEN.

DEHONEST DUTYMAN SENTENCED.

At the Magistracy yesterday afternoon, the hearing was concluded before Magistrate Orme, of the case in which an Indian constable named Sowah Shah, stationed at Kowloon City, was charged with the theft of \$21 in notes from another Indian constable of the same station.

The accused was alleged to have opened the other man's box while the latter was on duty and stolen a leather purse containing the money. When the theft was reported to Sub-Inspector C. McNab Wilson, M.C., officer in charge of the station, the latter instituted a search of the effects of all the Indian constables but without result. A week later the accused applied for 24 hours' leave. His behaviour immediately before he left the station was suspicious and he was stopped near Hughes and Hough's coal shed while riding in a ricksha. The vehicle was searched and the missing purse and money were found concealed under the cushion of the ricksha.

Mr. F. C. Jenkins, who conducted the defence said that there were only two explanations possible. Either the purse had been concealed in the ricksha by the accused, or it had been "planted" there by the complainant with whom the accused had had a heated quarrel previous to the money being reported missing. It was certainly peculiar that the complainant should be seen near the ricksha before the accused engaged it. Counsel submitted that in view of the accused's 11 years in force, during which time he had borne an unstained character, and the conflicting nature of the evidence for the prosecution, his client should be discharged. The Magistrate said that the prosecution had clearly proved their case, and he must pass sentence of one month's hard labour.

OUR WAR MEMORIAL.

PROGRESS OF SCHEMES.

CENOTAPH REPLICA FOR "FINEST SITE."

It has been definitely decided that part of Hongkong's war memorial is to take the form of a replica in stone of the cenotaph, designed by Sir Edwin Lutyens, which was erected in London in connection with the ceremonial burial in Westminster Abbey of an unknown British soldier on Armistice Day of last year.

In making the announcement this morning in reply to an inquiry by a *China Mail* reporter the Chairman of the War Memorial Committee, Sir Paul Chater, K.C.M.G., stated that the Government had given permission for a permanent stone memorial to be erected on the "finest site," opposite the Hongkong Club. The suggestion that a replica of the London cenotaph should be arranged for was agreed to by His Excellency the Governor (Sir R. E. Stubbs, K.C.M.G.) and the Government had, at the request of the committee, sent a cable to the Secretary of State for the Colonies asking him to obtain the permission of the designer and then send out the necessary plans and specifications.

The cost of erecting the cenotaph would, Sir Paul Chater indicated, be approximately \$25,000, and the work of erection will be put in hand as soon as possible. Up to last month, it was ascertained, the subscriptions received have reached a total of about \$145,000 so that, as the lists are still open, there should be a considerable balance available for the "war memorial institute" which has also been decided upon. Questioned in regard to the progress of arrangements for the building of the Institute Sir Paul replied that the matter was still "in statu quo."

TWO "WASTERS."

A QUAINT JOKE.

"NO UNNECESSARY INDULGENCE."

Two unemployed American seamen, M. J. Smith (18) and P. Boulders, were charged before Magistrate Lindsell this morning with vagrancy and remanded in police custody while arrangements were being made to ship them back to the United States. They arrived here on the "West Jena."

Later, the Capt. Superintendent of Police (Mr. T. H. King) asked that the men might be sent to the House of Detention instead. He said that the police had no proper accommodation for Europeans. The shipping company concerned did not wish the men to wait at the Seamen's Institute. Mr. King remarked that these men were wasters; their type might be judged from the fact that one of them falsely described himself as a German, "for a joke." The Colonial Secretary had issued instructions that people of this description were not to be treated with any unnecessary indulgence. There had been several similar cases lately.

The Magistrate acceded to the request.

WHY

ARE EGGS USED AT EASTER?

No matter how far back we dig into the history and customs of peoples of whom we have any authentic record, we will find that the egg is the age-old symbol of Creation or re-Creation. Thus, in oriental mythology—including the Phœnician, the Egyptian, the Hindu and the Japanese—the world is said to have been hatched from an egg, for which, according to the Persian legend, Ormuzd, and Ahurman, the angels of light and darkness, were to contend forever.

The custom of presenting eggs at special times was also prominent among the Jews, and, in a slightly altered form, was adopted by the Christians at their Easter festivals as a symbol of the Resurrection of Christ: the eggs being originally coloured red in token of the blood of the Redeemer. Gradually, however, this significance was lost sight of, and the vari-coloured eggs so popular in Germany and other parts of Europe came into prominence, though the egg—or at least its shape—remained as a token of the re-birth of Christ three days after His Crucifixion.

Mr. Poulton Bigelow, M.A., F.R.S.E., passed through Kobe on his way to Formosa. Mr. Bigelow is the author of numerous books on Central European politics and history, but perhaps most widely known for his work during the Spanish-American war for the *Times* and *New York Herald*. Mr. Bigelow has also written on British and American colonial administration, and is keenly interested in that of Japan. It is not his first visit to Japan, but the previous visit was hardly under happy circumstances, happening in 1876, when the ship by which he was coming to the Orient was wrecked on the Japanese coast.

MEROUY MOTOR CAR CO.

53-61 Des Voeux Road Central, HONGKONG.



TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

REPARATIONS DEMAND.

REPORTED ADVANCE OF FRENCH CAVALRY.

SUPREME COUNCIL MEETING.

LONDON, May 2. The Supreme Council sat for four hours this afternoon and adjourned until to-morrow morning. M. Briand stated that agreement had almost been reached.

NEW YORK, May 2. The Associated Press correspondent at Mayence telegraphs that a division of French cavalry commanded by General Simon left to-night for the Ruhr in 15 trains.

LONDON, May 2. Telephonic instructions were sent to Paris from London at 9.30 to-night for the mobilisation of the 1919 class.

The long session of the afternoon meeting of the Supreme Council was due to the fact that it was the first case in which it had the complete financial details of the agreed scheme. The discussions, which were perfectly amicable, dealt with financial projects for the reparations demands. The Council accepted the scheme generally but will consider the detailed plan with the technical experts to-morrow.

FRENCH NOT MOBILISING.

LONDON, May 2. The drafting committee engaged in preparing a statement of the terms for submission to Germany continued its labours to-day. The Supreme Council sat only an hour, adjourning until the evening. Allied experts meanwhile will deal with certain questions still unsettled. It is authoritatively denied that M. Briand telegraphed instructions for French mobilisation with a view to occupation of the Ruhr. He declared that he was awaiting the decision of the Supreme Council.

LONDON, May 3. It is understood that to-night the Supreme Council's terms will be framed on the following principles. Germany shall acknowledge her obligation to pay £6,500,000,000 by issuing bonds now and henceforth in accordance with her ability to pay, paying interest at 5 per cent. Germany is required to pay £100,000,000 annually and a 25 per cent. export tax and when these payments exceed the interest requirements on the bonds issued the Reparations Commission shall be entitled to require the issue of further bonds to absorb the surplus.

It is understood that the Allies have agreed on the principle of the scheme of presenting an ultimatum to Germany and simultaneously proceeding with the military measures which will be used in the event of Germany not accepting and not carrying out the terms of the accompanying ultimatum. The terms have not yet been definitely settled but they include provision for guarantees by Germany, also indications of the penalties which will be applied to enforce the guarantees if broken.

A telegram from New York states that the new German note has been received. It is believed that it makes a number of new concessions to the allied demands.

FEELING IN GERMANY.

LONDON, May 3. In spite of the proffered resignation of Herr von Simons, a Berlin message does not anticipate any immediate change in the ministry. It is generally admitted in responsible circles that there is no prospect of a better solution for Germany than the Paris decisions, but foreign control of the national finances is bitterly unwelcome to all Germans who have a feeling that much depends upon the nature of President Harding's reply to Germany's appeal which is expected to reach Berlin on May 5. The Germans are still clinging to the hope that the treaty does not provide for the occupation of the Ruhr whether details are proved or not.

ALLIES PREPARED.

The Allies have reached complete agreement on the military and political measures to be adopted in the event of Germany continuing a policy of evasion and procrastination, excepting particulars relating to guarantees. Reuter learns from a French source that the Allies have decided to take all necessary steps for occupation of the Ruhr and to call out the necessary French contingents. The Allies will ask the Reparations Commission according to article 233 of the treaty to fix by May 7 the methods of payment of the German debt, and by May 13 Germany must notify her unreserved acceptance. In the event of refusal the occupation of the Ruhr will proceed automatically. As regards guarantees the French demand in addition to immediate payment of a milliard gold marks, which constitutes the reserve of the Reichsbank, the institution at Berlin of a commission of guarantee.

FATAL IRISH AFFAIRS.

LONDON, May 2. It is officially announced that three policemen and four Sinn Féiners were killed in affrays in the South of Ireland during the week-end.

Regret will be felt at the news received by cable yesterday of the death, at Cardiff on April 27, of the wife of Mr. John Parkes of Kowloon Docks. Mr. Parkes left a few weeks ago on furlough and cannot yet have reached home.

A GOOD RULE FOR THE HOME.
Make it a rule of your home to always keep on hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It always cures promptly and no household is safe without it. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

Charged before Magistrate Orme this morning with having returned to the Colony after having been banished for a period of ten years last year, a Chinese said that he had not sufficient education to read his banishment order. Sgt. Carpenter said that the defendant was found in a house in Taihang. When he saw the police he ran up the hillside, showing that he was aware of his offence. Sgt. Vincent proved two convictions for larceny and burglary previous to the banishment. The Magistrate passed sentence of 10 months' hard labour.

MOTOR PROSECUTIONS.

EXCESSIVE SPEED.

DOCTOR'S URGENT CALL.

Several summonses against motor car owners and drivers were heard by Magistrate Lindsey this morning. Mr. Turner, solicitor, defended Dr. Allan on a summons for driving at an excessive speed. He explained that the doctor was going to an urgent case at the time and declared that he would do the same again in similar circumstances. Inspector Garrod said the defendant nearly caused an accident outside the Colonial Secretary's Office—in a control area where there was a speed limit of ten miles an hour. A fine of \$15 was imposed and \$5 for a technical offence in connection with registration.

ON THE WRONG SIDE OF THE DUTY. Mr. Webster defended in a case in which a Chinese driver drove on the wrong side of the Duke of Cornwall's Statue "because a rich man and chair were in the way." In imposing a fine of \$5, the Magistrate remarked that the driver could have waited for the road to clear.

NO LIGHTS.

Mr. Nolte, of Davis and Co., attended in person in answer to a summons for driving a car without lights. He explained that he had just left the Canton Steamer Wharf and he thought his "dimmers" were alight. In the brightness of the street lighting at that point he did not notice the lights were not on. He switched them on when a constable called his attention to the matter. The Magistrate dismissed the case with a caution.

CHAIR COOLIES' GUILD?

EMPLOYERS BOYCOTTED.

PEAK RESIDENT'S VIEWS.

The existence of a chair coolies' guild which boycotts certain employers was mentioned to Magistrate Orme this morning, when Mr. R. Sutherland, of No. 129, The Peak, charged two of his chair coolies with having left his employ without giving notice.

After evidence had been heard, Mr. Sutherland expressed the opinion that the whole thing was a conspiracy. Coolies generally took on jobs as "make lears" and as soon as they knew the work they left. The others who came to take their places always asked for \$2 more. Refusal meant boycott. He and his wife had often met old coolies who expressed a desire to return to them but when told to go to the house, said they could not do so. The witness said that he did not think that the coolies were free agents in the matter. There must be a guild or some similar organisation behind the whole thing. The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$10 each or, in default, 21 days' hard labour.

MOTORIST IGNORES SUMMONS.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

POLICE SEEK WITNESS OF ACCIDENT.

W. C. Van der Steen, of the Dell Planters' Association failed to appear at Magistrate Lindsey's Court this morning, to answer a summons alleging that he failed to stop after knocking a man down.

After evidence had been given by Europeans, who laid the charge, the Magistrate adjourned the case for a week for the attendance of the defendant. The police intimated that they would be glad to hear from an English lady who saw the accident and who gave the number of the car which failed to stop as 191. The accident happened between the Supreme Court, the City Hall, and the Hongkong C. C. pavilion at 5.10 p.m. on April 25.

FATAL IRISH AFFAIRS.

LONDON, May 2. It is officially announced that three policemen and four Sinn Féiners were killed in affrays in the South of Ireland during the week-end.

Charged before Magistrate Orme this morning with having returned to the Colony after having been banished for a period of ten years last year, a Chinese said that he had not sufficient education to read his banishment order. Sgt. Carpenter said that the defendant was found in a house in Taihang. When he saw the police he ran up the hillside, showing that he was aware of his offence. Sgt. Vincent proved two convictions for larceny and burglary previous to the banishment. The Magistrate passed sentence of 10 months' hard labour.

SUSPICIOUS SPLASHES.

LEAD TO \$10 FINE.

Scudding across the harbour from Wanchai yesterday afternoon with his sampan deeply laden a Chinese boatman named Cheung Fo was unfortunate enough to arouse the curiosity and later the suspicions of Sgt. Langley, of the Water Police, who was on patrol off Hoi's wharf in a motor launch. Bringing his glasses to bear upon the craft the Sergeant made out what appeared to be a number of bags stacked up in the forepart of the sampan and he decided that further investigation might possibly prove worthwhile. As the motor boat drew near Cheung Fo suddenly began to get busy and a series of splashes suggested that something heavy was being dumped overboard. When he boarded the sampan the police officer discovered that it carried a cargo of coal baskets and that its deck had been newly washed down.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

AT THE COMMITTEE MEETING held on 22nd April, 1921, it was decided to adopt from 1st May, 1921, the amended Rules of Golf as approved by the Royal & Ancient Golf Club on 25th September, 1920.

THE ALTERATIONS IN THE RULES ARE AS FOLLOWS:—

1. That on and after May, 1st 1921, the weight of the ball shall not be greater than 1.62 ozs. (avoirdupois) and the size not less than 1.62 ins. (—1 1/2 inches) in diameter. The Rules of Golf Committee and the Executive Committee of the United States Association will take whatever steps they think necessary to limit the power of the ball with regard to distance should any ball of greater power be introduced, and that the Rules of Golf be amended accordingly.

2. That in order to unify the penalties for a lost ball, a ball out of bounds, and an unplayable ball, the penalty in each case shall be "a stroke and the distance," but that in the case of a ball out of bounds, permission be given to clubs to alter this penalty by a local rule, and that the Rules of Golf be altered accordingly.

3. That the special rules for match play competition, Nos. 2 & 3 be deleted, and that the following be substituted as special rules for match play competitions: No. 2—"Competitors shall not agree to exclude the operation of any rule or local rule, not to waive any penalty incurred in the course of the match, under penalty of their disqualification."

NOTE.

No. 2 cancels the Bye-Law relating to "Falling Courses which reads as follows:—

"A ball may be lifted anywhere on the course and need not be nearer the hole under the penalty of two strokes."

In order to avoid delay players are requested to play a provisional ball when there is the least doubt of a ball played being lost or unplayable.

By Order of the Committee.

J. B. ROSS, Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, May 3, 1921.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (For account of the concerned)

ON

TUESDAY,

May 10, 1921, at 10.30 a.m.,

at No. 1, Cox's Path, Cox's Road,

Kowloon.

AUCTIONEER.

Valuable Household Furniture,

including Bedstead, Bed, and

Upholstery, etc.,

(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms—Cash.

HUGHES & HUGHES,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 2, 1921.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (For account of the concerned)

ON

FRIDAY, May 6, 1921,

Commencing at 2.30 p.m.,

at their Sales Room, Duddell Street,

A Large Quantity of

Valuable Household Furniture

Comprising—

Teak bedstead with bevelled mirror,

Chesterfield Couches, Armchairs, Roll

top desk, writing table, card table, Oil

paintings, Pottery, Electric table lamp

and fan, Carpets, Yarns and Ornaments,

etc.

Teak dining table and chairs, side

board, dinner wagon, tea chest, tea

table, cutlery and glassware, etc., etc.

Double brass mounted iron bedstead,

teak wardrobes, dressing table, chest-of

drawers, toilet, crumey, lace curtains,

etc.

Also

A few pieces of Blackwood ware.

And

1 Cottage Piano.

2 Gramophones with records.

1 Wardrobe Trunk.

On view from Thursday, the 6th inst.

Catalogue will be issued.

Terms—Cash on delivery.

LAMBERT PROSS,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 3, 1921.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

HONGKONG CRICKET CLUB.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a GENERAL MEETING of Members will be held in the pavilion of the Club on TUESDAY, the 10th May, 1921, at 3.30 p.m. for the purpose of confirming the following resolutions which were passed at an extraordinary general meeting of members held on the 14th day of April, 1921.

1. That the present Hongkong Cricket Club be wound up, and the Committee be authorised to take all necessary steps for the purpose.
2. That the Committee be authorised to register a Company limited by guarantee not exceeding \$100 per member, on the terms of the Memorandum and Articles of Association which will be submitted to the Meeting.
3. That the Committee be authorised to assign and hand over to the new Company, when registered all the assets of the Club.

By Order of the Committee.
L. S. GREENHILL,
Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, May 2, 1921.

TO LET.

ONE LARGE GODOWN (known as the Mody's Warehouse Godown) Two Large Rooms with Verandahs situated Queen's Road East, suitable for European's Residence. Apply to LEE BEAS & Co., 202, Queen's Road Central.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"SEIYO MARU."

From SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS via SAN FRANCISCO, HONOLULU & JAPAN PORTS.

The above named Steamer having arrived on Tuesday, the 3rd May, 1921, consignees of cargo are hereby notified to present their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery from alongside steamer or the Company's Godown, where all cargo impeding immediate discharge will be landed at consignee's risk.

Storage will be assessed on cargo remaining undelivered after Monday, the 9th May, 1921.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages will be landed into the Company's Godown, where same will be examined on Tuesday, the 10th May, 1921, at 11 a.m.

No claims will be recognised after goods have left the steamer or Godown, and none will be entertained if presented later than three weeks after arrival of steamer.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

Y. TEITSUMI,
Manager.

Hongkong, May 3, 1921.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (For account of the concerned)

ON

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May 10, 1921, at 10.30 a.m.,

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Valuable Household Furniture,

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(Full Particulars from Catalogue).

Terms—Cash.

HUGHES & HUGHES,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 2, 1921.

St. John's Cathedral

MONDAY,

May 9th,

at 9.15 p.m.

ORGAN RECITAL.

Vocalist:

Mrs. A. M. Bowes-Smith

TO SECRETARIES OF CLUBS AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS.

ALL preliminary notices of forthcoming Meetings, lectures and entertainments, sent for insertion in the news columns of the China Mail, are charged for at the rate of \$1 each, (as announced in May and June of last year) providing that they do not occupy more than four lines. In future if this space is exceeded they will be placed in the advertising columns at the prevailing rates.

NOTICES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

SPORTS DEPT.

WE

HAVE JUST RECEIVED LARGE STOCKS OF

CROQUET.

ROULETTE
TABLES.

TENNIS.

BADMINTON

&

GOLF GEAR.

PING-PONG
SETS.

BY THE LEADING BRITISH MAKERS.

TAYLOR'S LAWN BOWLS.

NEW MUSIC

TELL ME LITTLE GIPSY

MARGIE

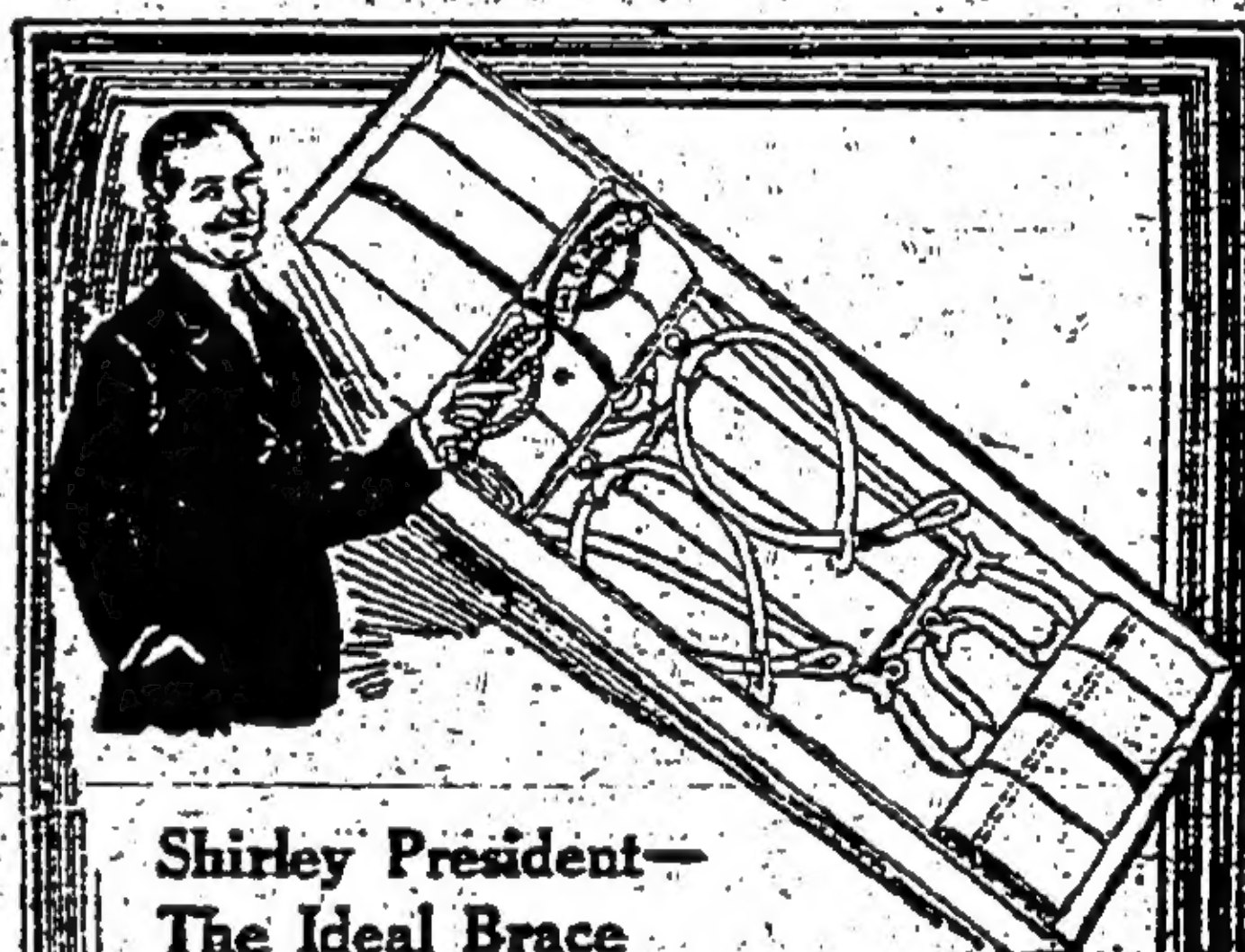
JAPANESE SANDMAN

AVALON

THE LOVE NEST

AT

ANDERSON'S

Shirley President—
The Ideal Brace

SHIRLEY PRESIDENT BRACES have been imitated, but the copies are easily detected.

The imitator has not been willing to devote the time and labor that have been expended by the original makers to keep up the quality of their product.

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Look for the name on the bottles and the printed guarantee label.

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Vickers' LONDON Gin

The Perfection of over
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FINEST LONDON OLD TOM
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SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Sailings:—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 6 p.m.SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.
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Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, Hotel Mansions, or from Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son, Booking Agents, Hongkong.

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"BOWEN CASTLE" Sailing on or about 13th May.
Via Suez or Panama Canal at Owner's Option.

LLOYD TRIESTINO

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING
FOR LEVANT, BLACK SEA & DANUBE PORTS

RUMS having been reopened for traffic, cargo is also accepted for this port on through Bills of Lading.

FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE.
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LONDON ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG—Monthly direct
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BUENOS AIRES—Biodo Janeiro, Santos, Mauritius, Durban & Cape Town via
Singapore. Passenger Service.

CHICAGO MARU Sunday, 15th May.

BOMBAY & COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via Singapore.

GANGES MARU Thursday, 6th May.

DELI & BANGKOK via SAIGON & SINGAPORE—Regular Monthly
service.

KINBU MARU Wednesday, 1st June.

Excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers.

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Japan taking cargo to OYELLA POINTS U.S. in connection with Chicago
Midwest and St. Paul Railway.

AFRICA MARU Thursday, 28th May.

NEW YORK via SUEZ Tuesday, 31st May.

NEW ORLEANS via SUEZ Tuesday, 31st May.

JAPAN PORTS—Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama.

KARLUNG via SWATOW & AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommo-
dation for 1st and 2nd class passengers and will arrive at and depart from the
O.S.K. wharf near the Harbour Office.

AMAKURA MARU Sunday, 8th May.

TAKAO via SWATOW and AMOY.

SOSHU MARU Thursday, 5th May.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

Y. YASUDA, Manager,
No. 1, Queen's Building,
Tel. No. 744 and 745.

NEW YORK DIRECT.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE

"BLUE FUNNEL" LINE

(OCEAN S.S. CO., LD. & CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO., LD.)

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SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

BOSTON & NEW YORK—"KNIGHT COMPANION" 16th May.
BOSTON & NEW YORK—"CITY OF SHANGHAI" 6th June.
Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.
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CHINA-AUSTRALIA MAIL S.S. LINE

For AUSTRALIAN PORTS via MANILA & SANDAKAN.

"VICTORIA" 3rd May.

"HWAH FING" 13th May.

For freight and Passage apply to—

THE CHINA & AUSTRALIA S.S. CO., LTD.

Agents,
Telephone No. 2377 114, Connaught Road Central.

SHIPPING

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILING SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR STEAMERS TO SAN

SHANGHAI SHANGHAI AND TRUNGTAO May 5, at Noon.

HONGKONG PARKOI & HAIPHONG May 5, at 10 a.m.

SWATOW & BANGKOK May 10, at 10 a.m.

AMOY, SHANGHAI AND FUKOW May 10, at Noon.

SHANGHAI SHANGHAI May 12, at Noon.

BALCON accommodation, suitcases, Electric Fans in Saloon and State-
rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong, Shanghai
(thrice weekly) and Tientsin (weekly), taking cargo on through Bills of Lading
to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai,
avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

BANGKOK LINE—Weekly service to and from Bangkok via Swatow.

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Operating the following U.S. Shipping Board Steamers

PASSENGER & FREIGHT SERVICE.

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S.S. "WENATCHER" Sailing May 3rd

VICTORIA VANCOUVER SEATTLE.

Calling Shanghai—Kobe—Yokohama.

S.S. "CROSSKEYS" (Freight only) April 18 May 1st.

S.S. "WENATCHER" May 14 June 2nd.

S.S. "EDMORE" (Freight only) May 24 July 10th.

S.S. "ELDRIDGE" June 20 July 25th.

S.S. "WENATCHER" July 25 Aug. 18th.

S.S. "KEYSTONE STATE" Aug. 18 Sept. 2nd.

FOR PORTLAND DIRECT.

Calling Kobe—Yokohama.

S.S. "MONTAGUE" (Freight only) April 19th June 4th.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Overland common point Passenger and
Freight Particulars.

THE ADMIRAL LINE

Telephones 2477 & 2478 5th Floor, Hotel Mansions



Operating the following U.S. Shipping Board Steamers

For SEATTLE, TACOMA, VICTORIA, VANCOUVER.

(Calling at Kobe and Yokohama.)

(Calling at Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama.)

"EDMORE" About May 14th

For MANILA.

For PORTLAND direct.

(Calling at Kobe and Yokohama.)

(Calling at Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama.)

"ABERCO" About May 23rd.

"ABERCO" About June 2nd.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Overland Common Points.

FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO:

THE ADMIRAL LINE

Telephones 2477 & 2478 5th Floor, Hotel Mansions.

SERVICE TO UNITED STATES

For NEW YORK and/or BOSTON.

Via Panama

"WYTHEVILLE" About May 9th.

"WYNIAH" About June 2nd.

For freight space and particulars apply to—

THE BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,

Telephones 2477 & 2478 AGENTS 5th Floor, Hotel Mansions.

HOTEL MANSIONS.



THE PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.

REGULAR SERVICE

To & From

SAIGON-SINGAPORE-SUMATRA

JAVA PORTS.

OPERATING THE FOLLOWING U.S.B. STEAMERS

LAKH ONAWA May 19th

Through bills of lading issued to all United States, Pacific Coast and
Overland Points.

For full Particulars and Rates Apply to—

THE ADMIRAL LINE

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Tel. 2477 & 2478

SHIPPING

CP&OS

SAILINGS

HONGKONG TO VANCOUVER

(via Shanghai, Nagasaki (Moji) Kobe & Yokohama)

STEAMERS

Empress of Japan May 17 June 7

Empress of Asia May 28 June 13

Empress of Russia June 14 July 8

Empress of Japan June 23 July 11

Empress of Asia July 31 Aug. 8

Empress of Russia Aug. 23 Sept. 6

Empress of Japan Aug. 30 Sept. 11

Empress of Asia Sept. 15 Oct. 3

Empress of Russia Oct. 15 Oct. 31

Passengers to Europe or America should apply to the agents
of the Atlantic sailing control prior to departure from
the Orient. Traffic conditions on the Atlantic are subject to
change as on the Pacific. Atlantic reservations can be arranged by calling
or letter for all passengers to Europe, whether or not traveling
to the Pacific via C.P. & O.S. steamers. Freight and cargo orders should
be sent to the Agents, 114, Connaught Road Central, Hongkong.

For Rates and other information please apply to

HONGKONG OFFICE

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CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN

SERVICES LTD.

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"INCORPORATED IN U.S.A."

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S.S. "NANKING" 15,000 Tons S.S. "NILE" 11,000 Tons S.S. "CHINA" 10,200 Tons

SAILING FROM

HONGKONG for SAN FRANCISCO

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HONGKONG for MANILA

S.S. "NANKING" June 4th

SAILING FROM

HONGKONG for SINGAPORE

S.S. "NILE" June 25th S.S. "CHINA" July 22nd

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE.

C. T. SUBRIDGE, FREIGHT & PASSENGER AGENT,

PRINCE'S BUILDING, 108 HONG KONG STREET,

TELEPHONE, PASSENGER DEPT. TEL. FREIGHT DEPT. & AGENT.

No. 1834 No. 2161

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE OF Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good
Accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light and Fire in Stateroom
and Saloons. Excellent Cuisine.

SWATOW, AMOY & FOCHOW

(AND RETURN.)

(Completing 9 to 10 Days)

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HAIHONG Capt. W. O. Patterson FRIDAY 6th May, at Noon.

HAIHONG Capt. A. H. Stewart TUESDAY 10th May, at Noon.

SWATOW.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Black Pier).

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DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

General Managers.

AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE.

Subject to change without notice.

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.

INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA,
DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and
CAPE TOWN direct or with transshipment at CALCUTTA and/or COLOMBO.

For particulars apply to—

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

MARINE AGENTS.

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(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL Steamship Co., Ltd.)

JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS

TO

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT.

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REQUESTED TO APPROACH THE UNDERSIGNED.

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NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

VESSELS DUE.

FROM SHANGHAI.

May 4—R. F. Kasenga

May 4—P. & O. Kowloon

May 4—R. F. Kowloon

May 4—R. F. Kowloon

May 4—R. F. Kowloon

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May 4—R. F.

SHIPPING

P. & O.-BRITISH INDIA APCAR AND EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES

(COMPANIES incorporated in ENGLAND.)
MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICES
STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND AND QUEENSLAND PORTS, AND S.A. EGYPT, EUROPE, &c.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL SAILINGS (South)

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"DILWARA"	5,378	10th May	Singapore, Colombo & Bombay.
"SAGOTA"	7,000	12th May	MARSHALLS, LONDON & A. & P.
"PLASSY"	7,348	15th May	MARSHALLS, LONDON & A. & P.
"DELTA"	8,000	25th May	MARSHALLS, LONDON & A. & P.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS (South)

"TAKADA"	7,000	8th May	Calcutta, via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.
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EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

"KANOWNA"	7,000	6th May	Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, and Melbourne.
"ST. ALBANS"	5,000	10th May	Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, and Melbourne.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

"ST. ALBANS"	5,000	7th May	Japan direct.
"ABRATON ARCAR"	4,500	10th May	Japan via Shanghai.
"PLASSY"	7,348	25th May	Shanghai, and Japan.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.
WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.
Ticket Interchangeable.
1st Saloon Passengers may travel by R.S.N. Company's steamers between Singapore and Calcutta, & Singapore and Madras in lieu of the section of these P. & O. Tickets Singapore to Colombo.
All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.
Steaming and Sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.
Passage-Measuring not more than 2 1/2 ft. x 2 1/2 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expected of which they have received documents or advice.
Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard and Douglas, at 10 a.m. on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.
For further information, Passage Fares, Freight, and books, etc., apply to
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E. H. ING & CO.
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N. Y. K.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.
SEATTLE & VICTORIA OR VANCOUVER via Manila, Shanghai & Japan ports.
Cargo to Overland Points U.S. in connection with Great Northern, Northern Pacific, and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railways.

SUWA MARU ... 6th May, at 11 a.m.
FUKUSHI MARU (Omik, Manila) ... Tuesday, 5th May, at 11 a.m.
KARORI MARU ... Friday, 17th June, at 11 a.m.
KARIMA MARU (Omik, Manila) ... Tuesday, 18th July, at 11 a.m.
LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said & Marseilles.
KATO MARU ... Friday, 18th May, at 11 a.m.
IMO MARU ... Friday, 27th May, at 11 a.m.
AMUTSU MARU ... Friday, 10th June, at 11 a.m.
HAMBURG, LONDON, HULL & ROTTERDAM.
MATSUYE MARU ... Friday, 29th April.
LIVERPOOL & MARSEILLES via Suez.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday Island, Townsville & Brisbane.
AKI MARU ... Monday, 23rd May, at 11 a.m.
TANGO MARU ... Tuesday, 31st June, at 11 a.m.

NEW YORK via Suez.
YAMAGATA MARU ... Sunday, 8th May.
SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS via Cape.
KAWACHI MARU ... Beginning of May.
AWA MARU ... Saturday, 31st May.
BOMBAY & COLOMBO via Singapore.
HAKATA MARU ... Wednesday, 4th May.
YAMATO MARU ... Sunday, 22nd May.
CALCUTTA & RANGOON via Singapore & Penang.
TUSA MARU ... Sunday, 8th May.
JAPAN PORTS—Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama.
TANGO MARU ... Sunday, 22nd May, at 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI KORE & YOKOHAMA.
PENANG MARU ... Saturday, 7th May.
KIRIN MARU ... Wednesday, 11th May.
SHIDZUKA MARU ... Friday, 13th May, at 11 a.m.
For further information apply to
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
S. YAMADA, Manager.
Telephone No. 202.

THE QUEST OF MOHAMMED'S SACRED SLIPPER SERIES.

VII.—THE POOL OF DEATH.

BY SAIR HORMER.

(Continued from yesterday.)

(COPYRIGHT, 1917.)

In which Earl Dexter disappears and the beautiful "Girl of the Violet Eyes" makes an appeal. Ever closer draw the sinister lines of Oriental machination as Mr. Hormer's great series progresses.

"We have little to fear," said my companion, speaking in a hushed and quivering voice. "The whole of the party left England some days ago."

"Are you sure?"
"Certain. We learned that before Earl made his attempt. Hassan remains, for some reason; Hassan and one other—the one who drives the car."

"But the slipper?"
"If Hassan remains, so does the slipper!"

From the knapsack she took out an electric pocket lamp.
"There is a gap in the hedge somewhere here!" she said. "See if you can find it. I dare not show the light too long."

Our shone the white beam, and momentarily fell upon a black hole in the thicket hedge. The light disappeared, and as I extended my hand to Carneta she grasped it and climbed up beside me.

"Put on your rubber shoes," she directed. "Leave the others here."
There in the darkness, I did as she directed, for I was provided with a pair of tennis shoes. Carneta already was suitably shod.

The grounds proved even more extensive than I had anticipated. We pressed on, dodging low-sweeping branches and keeping our arms up to guard our faces from onslaughts of thorn bushes. Our progress, necessarily slow, but even so, quite a long time seemed to have elapsed ere we came in sight of the house.

"Wait here," Carneta directed. "I am going to pass all around the house, and I will rejoin you."

I could see her but dimly, and she moved off as silent as an Indian deer-stalker, leaving me alone there crouching at the extreme edge of the thicket.

That zest for the nocturnal operation which temporarily had thrilled me succumbed now to loneliness. With keen anxiety I awaited the return of my more experienced accomplice.

When upon the right I heard a faint rustling, "I started" and grasped the revolver in my pocket.
"Not a sound!" came in Carneta's voice. "Keep just inside the bushes and come this way. There is something I want to show you."

The various profuse growths rendered concealment simple enough. Indeed any other concealment were necessary than that which the strangely black night afforded. Just within the evil smelling thicket we made a half circuit of the building and stopped.

"Look!" whispered Carneta.
She pointed to a small square window, so low-set that I assumed it to be that of a cellar, and heavily cross-barred.

From it, cut upon a tangled patch of vegetation, shone a dull red light.
"There's no other light in the place," my companion whispered. "For God's sake, what can it be?"

My mind supplied no explanation. The red light meant something. Evidently the commencing of operations before all lights were out was irregular; for Carneta said slowly:
"We must wait and watch the light."

There was formerly a moat around the Gate House; that must be the window of a dungeon.
For close upon an hour, we stood watching the red window. No sound of bird, beast, or man disturbed our vigil; in fact it would appear that the very insects stung the neighbourhood of Hassan of Aleppo. But the red light still shone out.

"We must risk it!" said Carneta steadily. "There are French windows opening on that veranda. Ten yards further around, the bushes come right up to the wall of the house. We'll go that way, and around by the other wing to the veranda."

Any action was preferable to this nerve-racking delay, and with a determination to shoot, and shoot to kill, any who opposed our entrance, I passed through the bushes and, with Carneta, rounded the southern corner of that silent house and slipped quietly on the veranda.

Kneeling, Carneta opened the knapsack. My eyes were growing accustomed to the darkness, and I was just able to see her deft hands at work upon the fastenings. I think I had never witnessed a more amazing spectacle than that of this cultured girl manipulating the tools of the housebreaker with her slim white fingers.

Suddenly she turned and clutched my arm.
"The windows are not fastened!" she whispered.
A strange courage came to me—perhaps that of desperation. For, ignoring the ominous circumstances, I pushed open the nearest window and stepped into the room beyond, and Carneta entered close behind me, silent in her rubber-soled shoes.

For one thrilling moment we stood listening. Then came the white beam from the electric lamp to cut through the surrounding blackness.
The room was totally unfurnished. Not a sound broke the stillness of the Gate House. Out into the corridor we went, noiselessly. It was stripped, uncarpeted.

Three doors we passed, two upon the left and one upon the right. We tried them all. All were unfastened and the rooms into which they opened were bare and deserted. Then we came upon a short, descending stair, at its foot a massive oaken door.

Carneta glided down, noiseless as a ghost, and to one of the blackened panels applied an ingenious little instrument which she carried in her knapsack. It was not unlike a stethoscope, and as I watched her listening, by means of this arrangement, for any sound beyond the oaken door, I reflected how almost every advance made by science places a new pool in the hands of the criminal.

Then she abruptly removed the apparatus, and, stooping to the knapsack, replaced it and took out a bunch of wire keys, signing to me to hand her the lamp.

As I crept down the steps, I saw her pause, glancing back over her shoulder toward the door. The expression upon her face induced me to direct the light in the same direction.

Why neither of us had observed the fact before I cannot conjecture, but a key was in the lock.
Perhaps, the traffic of the night afforded no more dramatic moment than this. The house which we were come prepared, burglariously to enter was thrown open, it would seem to us, inviting our inspection!

Quite noiselessly she turned the key, and holding a dainty pocket revolver in her hand, pushed the door open, slowly!

An odour, sickly-sweet and vaguely familiar, was borne to my nostrils. Carneta became outlined in a dim, reddish light. I perceived that this was a cellar; indeed served as a dungeon. From the stone roof hung the first evidence of Eastern occupation which the Gate House had yielded, in the form of an Oriental lantern, or jannous, of rose-coloured waxed paper upon a copper frame. Its vague light revealed the interior of the hideous place upon whose threshold we stood.

Straight before us, deep set in the stone wall, was the tiny square window, iron-barred without, and glazed with red glass, the light from which had so deeply mystified us. Within a niche in the wall, a little to the left of the window, rested an object which at that moment claimed our undivided attention, the sight of which so wrought upon us that temporarily all else was forgotten.

It was the red slipper of the Prophet.
"My God!" whispered Carneta. "my God!"—and clutched at me, swaying dizzily.

A few inches from our feet the floor became depressed, how deeply I could not determine, for it was filled with water, water filthy and stinky! The strange nauseating odour had grown all but insupportable; it seemed to proceed from this fetid pool, which, occupying the floor of the dungeon, offered a barrier, since its depth was unknown, of fully twelve feet between ourselves and the further wall.

(To be continued.)

PORTUGAL'S DEAD.

UNKNOWN WARRIOR BURNED.

NATIONAL HOMAGE.

Peking, April 24.—The Portuguese Legation has received from Lisbon, under date of April 12, the following account of the ceremonies of national homage to the Portuguese Unknown Warrior, held on the anniversary of the Battle of April 9:

"Delegates of the Allied Governments and several other foreign missions came to Lisbon to assist in the demonstrations in honour of Portugal's Unknown Warrior and to take part in the celebration of the Battle of April 9. A solemn session of homage was held in the House of Parliament, after which a great cortege followed the coffin to the station. Marshal Joffre, Generalissimo Diaz, General Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien and special representatives of other Governments followed on foot. Special contingents of soldiers, mutilated in the war, with their flags took part in the procession."

"The President of the Republic and the members of the Diplomatic Corps were waiting at the station. Marshal Joffre, Generalissimo Diaz, General Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien and the other military representatives were invited to visit Oporto and Coimbra. The whole ceremony was characterised by great solemnity."

"The University of Oporto conferred degrees of Doctor of Laws (honoris causa) on Marshal Joffre and the other Generals and the municipality conferred on them the freedom of the city."

"The Allied representatives left on April 15 for Coimbra."

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Captain BARR, carrying His Majesty's Mail, will be despatched from this Port on about TUESDAY, 10th May 1921, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above Ports.

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Parcels will be received at this Office until 3 p.m. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required.

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"TAIYO MARU"	2,000	May 18th
"IBERIA MARU"	2,000	May 22nd
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"SHINTO MARU"	2,000	June 3rd

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"BAKUO MARU"	17,000	June 10th
"CHOYO MARU"	17,000	July 11th

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TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Radio's Service to the China Mail)

ARABS IN CONFLICT.

TROOPS QUELL JAFFA DISTURBANCE.

JERUSALEM, May 2.

It is officially announced that a clash between Arabs at Jaffa on May 1 resulted in 20 persons being killed and 150 wounded. Troops were hurried from Ludd and quelled the disturbance without firing. All is quiet.

LONDON, May 2.

The Zionist headquarters in London informed Reuters' representative that 22 Jews were killed and 80 wounded, and many shops were pillaged at Jaffa during the outbreak cabled earlier.

PANAMA DISPUTE.

UNITED STATES TAKES A HAND.

WASHINGTON, May 2.

Mr. Hughes has notified Panama that unless she acts voluntarily within a reasonable time the United States will compel her to transfer her jurisdiction of the disputed Coto territory to Costa Rica.

CHINA AND THE ANGLO-JAPANESE ALLIANCE.

LONDON, May 2.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Cecil Harmsworth, in the course of answering further questions by Commander Bellairs regarding China and the Anglo-Japanese Alliance, stated that the Chinese Government did not desire the publication of its representations in this connection.

A COMMUNIST PLOT.

ATTEMPTED REVOLUTION IN BRITAIN FRUSTRATED.

LONDON, May 2.

It is authoritatively stated that a communist plot to utilize the industrial crisis to effect a revolution in the United Kingdom has been frustrated. Tons of inflammatory leaflets were circulated. A number of distributors were arrested and thousands of leaflets were destroyed.

COAL DEADLOCK.

SHIPS' BUNKER SUPPLIES RESTRICTED.

FRENCH COAL FOR ENGLAND.

LONDON, May 2.

The measures decided upon by the transport committee of the Cabinet to-day include reduction of the supply of bunker coal to ships.

PARIS, May 2.

Following the request of a British firm for permission to purchase 10,000 to 15,000 tons of coal a day, the Government has authorised the exportation of French coal to England.

REDUCED SHIPBUILDING WAGES.

LONDON, May 2.

The federation of the engineering and shipbuilding trades balloted 45,169 in favour and 35,913 against acceptance of the reduced wages.

BRITISH TORREADOR.

TELEGRAPH CLERK'S SENSATIONAL EXPLOIT.

GIBRALTAR, May 2.

A Britisher under the pseudonym of Don Carlos el Irlandés was carried in triumph by the crowd from the arena in Lincea, Spain, after killing two bulls with two sword thrusts following a wonderful display of agility with a red cloak. It appears that he was an Eastern Telegraph clerk named Leonard Trimby. Tired of hearing the Spaniards boast that no Briton could possibly equal the skill and courage of a Spanish bull fighter, he entered the arena, stipulating that his fees should be given to charity. Trimby was born at Cawnpore.

IRELAND'S NEW VICEROY.

WELCOMED BY AGED NEWSPAPER SELLER.

LONDON, May 2.

Lord Edmund Talbot, now Viscount Fitzalan, was sworn in as Viceroy at the Privy Council, Dublin Castle, the quaint ceremonial taking place in private. Viscount and Lady Fitzalan arrived at Kingstown early in the morning. They were greeted on landing by a newspaper seller who has welcomed every viceroy for the last 50 years. His Excellency shook hands with the old man.

SALINGPIN SCHOOL.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

MR. HO KONG TONG'S GENEROSITY.

At the annual prize distribution of Salingpin School yesterday, the Headmaster, Mr. A. Morris, announced that Mr. Ho Kim Tong, one of the school's principal benefactors, had presented a gold pen which had been won by Mr. Fong Kit. In calling on Mr. Ho Kim Tong to distribute the prizes, Mr. Morris said that he was a very old friend of the school. In addition to his financial assistance to Salingpin School, Mr. Ho had also undertaken the task of organizing and equipping the school's troop of Boy Scouts. For this the school was under a very great debt of gratitude.

Mr. Ho Kim Tong, who distributed the prizes said: It affords me the greatest pleasure to be amongst you again and to give away the prizes. On previous occasions I have spoken to you on your duty to your parents, teachers, and elders, and on the importance of the study of your own language. To-day I intend making a few remarks on general matters connected with your school. The boy scout movement is a subject which is comparatively new to Chinese boys, and perhaps not properly understood by parents and guardians. Therefore a few words of explanation from me may not be out of place.

The boy scout movement was started in England years ago by General Sir William Baden-Powell, and has now spread all over the world. In these days of gigantic organisations, the boy scout movement might be regarded at first sight with suspicion, but I can assure you it has neither political nor military significance—nothing that is not for the common welfare, the uplifting of mankind.

The motto of the scout is to "help others." I remind you that you do not live for yourselves: life is a series of sacrifices. Your parents make great sacrifices for you, perhaps to pay fees, clothe, and feed you, and to give you the best. You in your turn will be called upon to deny yourselves for others. I note that you put this maxim to the practical test, and by your efforts raised the sum of \$360.00 towards the North China Famine Fund. A scout is taught to "do his best." In school, at your studies, in the playground at your games, whatever it may be, let it be of your best. When your school days are over, and you have to earn your own livelihood, whatever occupation you may follow, let your work be of your best. Put your whole heart and soul into it, and you are bound to succeed. I think a good motto for everyone of you is—"Work your best, and play your best." Further, a scout is taught to be kind to animals and loyal to his country. And lastly, all scouts are brothers. I cannot conceive of anything more calculated to remove class distinctions, to weld the whole of mankind into one brotherhood, and to make for universal peace and concord. Some of you may wonder why I have dealt with the scout movement at such length. Well, I will let you into the secret. A troop has been started amongst the "small boys" of the school, and I take this opportunity of announcing that I propose to take over the full cost of maintenance—instructor, uniforms, equipment—whatever may be necessary. In fact, I feel it a great honour as well as a duty to be permitted to participate in a movement, of which H. E. the Governor is the chief promoter. I learn that the Old Boys' Ambulance Division, started six years ago and maintained by

myself, is again in full swing. With the services of your instructor, Staff Sergeant Jans, of the R.A.M.C., and under the direction of Mr. Morris, I am confident that much useful work will again be done. I heard with great satisfaction that you won the District Schools Championship Shield at the District School sports held a few weeks ago. Whilst congratulating you on this achievement, I would remind you that while sport has its uses in teaching restraint, self-reliance, and other qualities essential in the "game" of life, it must take a second place to your studies. I offer my congratulations to the pupil who secured fourth place in a writing competition. This is no mean distinction when one considers that there were competitors from every part of the British Empire, and that speaking generally, handwriting does not receive the attention it did formerly. It must be a matter of pride to all concerned to know that you can at least hold your own with the best in calligraphy. In making this review of the various activities of your school, I cannot but think that you are lucky in having such a headmaster as Mr. Morris who takes so much interest in you, and I should like to tender my hearty congratulations to him and Mr. Morris, and the other members of the Staff, for the extremely satisfactory results achieved by you pupils both in the classroom and on the playground. In conclusion, those who have won scholarships and prizes are to be congratulated, and the others I would exhort to do their best. This will earn the commendation of your teachers and the approbation of your conscience. One only can be at the top of the class, some one must be at the bottom, and whoever this may be, I would comfort him with the thought that as long as he has done his best, he has done what was expected of him—no one can do more. (Applause.)

The Chinese Post Office has arranged for the issue of special aeroplane stamps, of face value of 15, 30 and 45 cents respectively, for use per Aeroplane Post. The stamps are printed in three colours and represent an aeroplane in flight above the Great Wall. The aeroplane stamps are over-printed "Hao Kong Yuen K'ing-min" which means Aerial Postal Service. They will be on sale at all first and second class post offices in Peking and Tientsin, at which places the service will first be put into operation. These stamps ought to prove of interest to collectors.

A man in London has been fined for keeping a dog on a chain, it being stated that the animal had only been off the chain once in sixteen years. In fining the man the magistrate strongly condemned the cruelty shown, and attention has been widely drawn to the case as evidence of shocking brutality. What would be said of the case of the elephant in the Zoological Gardens in Tokyo, which for many years has been chained by the leg so that it can scarcely change its position? Is it any wonder that the shocking cruelty shown does not excite any attention or arouse any protest among Japanese. There is or was a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty in Tokyo mainly supported by foreigners, but though it had or has members from the diplomatic body, it is evidently powerless, or perhaps it has gone out of existence in despair of accomplishing any good. In Kobe, owing to the indefatigable exertions of a small group, there has been considerable progress in the humane treatment of domestic animals, but in Tokyo the Society seems unable to obtain decent treatment for this single unfortunate animal.

FEROCIOUS DOG.

AVERSION FOR MAN IN UNIFORM.

P. W. D. MAN FINED.

Mr. McKay, of the P. W. D., was this morning summoned before Magistrate Lindsay for keeping a ferocious dog.

Sergeant Baker said that on the evening of April 13, he was passing Mr. McKay's house, No. 1, Cox Road, Yau-mat, when a yellow chow dog rushed out and tried to bite him. On the evening of the 14th, the same thing happened. On that occasion he spoke to Mr. McKay's son and told him to put the dog on a chain, but when he passed the house an hour later, the animal was still at large.

By Mr. McKay: The witness had received no complaints from the neighbours about the dog, but he had once seen it "jump at" a Chinese.

Mr. McKay told the magistrate that the prosecution had not been fair to him as no notice had been given him or his family prior to the issuing of the summons. The dog, the pet of the children in the neighbourhood, was very good natured. It was also a good watch dog, and was recently the means of bringing about the arrest of a thief who was sentenced to three months. The only trouble with the animal was that it "hated the sight" of men in uniform, and this was because Indians had been in the habit of teasing it.

After Sergeant Fraser and Carroll had deposed that the dog had given them trouble also, Mr. McKay said that he would like to call Sub-Inspector Grant who was one time stationed at Yau-mat.

The Inspector said that he knew Mr. McKay had a dog, but could not say if this was the same one. All the time the witness had been stationed at Yau-mat, the dog had been very quiet, and he had never received any complaint about it.

Mr. McKay said he had two dogs before. As one was troublesome he had it shot.

The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$5.

SUPERSTITIONS.

FOUR-LEAVED CLOVER.

Who is there that finding a four-leaved clover, does not regard it as an omen of good luck? Few people, if any, some may pool-pool the idea and laugh scornfully thereat. But, nestled away down in the bottom of their hearts is a secret conviction over their "find."

In this we are but harking back to our sun-worshipping ancestors. Clover was one of the plants of magic power gathered at the summer solstice from European fields in the dim past, because at the summer solstice the sun, giver of life, having reached his greatest power, certain plants caught from him, mystic properties which made them potent for baffling the evil things which threaten the life of man. Now of an ordinary clover caught something of the sun's mystic properties, a four-leaved clover—which was unusual and therefore must mean something—was especially marked out as having caught an extra share.

In the Tyrol and in some parts of France, the idea that the four-leaved clover, in order to be potent for luck, must be picked on Midsummer Eve, still persists, but English-speaking peoples have dropped that part of the superstition and regard it as an omen of good luck when found at any time. Naturally, such a specially endowed plant was long considered as an infallible protection against witches.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

JUST RECEIVED

consignment of Smoked Fish direct from the

SCOTTISH FISHERIES

Fillets,
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FAMOUS ENGLISH MADE INDIA GAUZE UNDERWEAR Nos. 110, 330, 440, 520.



NOTE: THE VENTILATED GUSSETS FOR HOT WEATHER.

QUALITIES 110, 330, 440
As Illustration
PURE WHITE INDIA GAUZE
VESTS with Button Fronts
Short Sleeves
Sizes 32 to 40

Underwear is the Article of Apparel that requires the greatest care in its selection. The IDEAL UNDERWEAR for hot weather must be light in weight, Durable, Absorbent. Our INDIA GAUZE UNDERWEAR have these qualities. Made from the Finest Grades of Cotton, cool and comfortable, not heavy, but extra strong.

GIVE THEM A TRIAL.

QUALITY 330, PURE WHITE
INDIA GAUZE VESTS.

BUTTONLESS WITH SHORT
SLEEVES AS SHOWN IN
ILLUSTRATION. FITTED WITH
THE NON TEARABLE NECK.
BAND SIZES 34 to 46.



WHITEWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS
HONGKONG.

The current edition of the Almanach de Gotha continues to record the genealogies of the sovereigns of Europe who have lost their former glory. The ex-Kaiser retains his rank as Field-Marshal in the Turkish Army, Admiral of the Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Navies and Honorary Captain-General in the Spanish Army. All the British naval and military titles and orders have been dropped, but curiously enough he is still described as Doctor of Laws of Oxford University. The twenty odd ex-kings and princes of Germany are now living quietly as private citizens in the States they formerly governed.

Commenting on a dust storm in Tientsin on St. George's Day, the Rev. C. E. Darwent, M.A., says: "This is a fierce sort of climate. Yesterday (April 22), a lovely summer day. This morning on looking out our eyes saw another dust storm—not as bad as the big one; but hot, raging wind, thick dust in the air, quarter of an inch on the vanguard and cold again. Yesterday the temperature was 85° now about 60°. Last year we had one of these storms on St. George's Day, but it did not come on until 7 p.m. as we were returning from a gorgeous St. George's fete."

CASCADE BEER.

A PURE MALT BEVERAGE.
BREWED & BOTTLED IN CANADA.

Stocked by all the dealers and Messrs. A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd. sole distributors in Kowloon.

Sole Importers:—

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New Government Buildings.

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TUESDAY, MAY 3, 1921.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

CHINA COAST, ETC.

SWATOW.

May 5—O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
6—C.S.N. Choyang.
7—D.L. Hainan.
8—C.S.N. Hainan.
10—D.L. Hainan.

AMOI.

May 5—O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
6—C.S.N. Choyang.
7—D.L. Hainan.
8—C.S.N. Hainan.
10—D.L. Hainan.

FOOCHOW.

May 5—D.L. Hainan.
6—D.L. Hainan.

SHANGHAI.

May 4—B.F. Hector.
5—C.S.N. Choyang.
6—C.S.N. Choyang.
7—C.S.N. Choyang.
8—C.S.N. Choyang.
9—C.S.N. Choyang.
10—C.S.N. Choyang.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
12—C.S.N. Choyang.
13—C.S.N. Choyang.
14—C.S.N. Choyang.
15—C.S.N. Choyang.
16—C.S.N. Choyang.
17—C.S.N. Choyang.
18—C.S.N. Choyang.
19—C.S.N. Choyang.
20—C.S.N. Choyang.
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TIENSIN.

May 5—C.S.N. Choyang.

TSINGTAO.

May 5—C.S.N. Choyang.

TAKAO.

May 5—O.S.K. Soshu Maru.

PUKOW.

May 10—C.N. Shantung.

HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW.

May 4—C.S.N. Choyang.
5—C.S.N. Choyang.

SAIGON.

May 10—M.M. Amazona.
11—A.L. Lake Onawa.

SINGAPORE.

May 10—A.L. Lake Onawa.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
12—C.S.N. Choyang.
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PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, ETC.

May 5—C.S.N. Choyang.
6—C.S.N. Choyang.
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MANILA.

May 5—C.S.N. Choyang.
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JAVA PORTS, ETC.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
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INDIAN PORTS, ETC.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
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CALCUTTA.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
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30—C.S.N. Choyang.

BOMBAY AND COLOMBO.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
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AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
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30—C.S.N. Choyang.

SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
12—C.S.N. Choyang.
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JAPAN PORTS.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
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AMERICAN PORTS.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
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VANCOUVER.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
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VICTORIA.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
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BIG HAUL OF SEALS.

4,000 KILLED IN 3 HOURS.

A wireless message reports that the sealing schooner "Viking" off St. Johns (Newfoundland) overtook the largest haul of seals ever seen in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

Four thousand were killed in three hours, and the slaughter only stopped when the vessels became jammed in pack ice.

The herd still remained visible 34 miles south of Magdalen Islands, and still so large that the slaughter did not seem to worry it.

The young seals, which yield the softest skins and the finest oil, are in prime killing condition about the middle of March. They are killed on the ice with iron-shod clubs, being quite helpless and unable as yet to swim. The "pelt"—the skin and adhering mass of fat—is separated as valueless.

SEATTLE.

May 4—B.F. Hector.
5—C.S.N. Choyang.
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PORTLAND.

May 2—A.L. Abercrombie.

SAN FRANCISCO.

May 14—T.K.K. Persia Maru.
15—C.S.N. Choyang.
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LOS ANGELES.

May 22—S. D. West Carmonia.

VALPARAISO.

May 21—N.Y.K. Awa Maru.

NEW YORK.

May 4—B.L. Wytheville.
5—C.S.N. Choyang.
6—C.S.N. Choyang.
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SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
12—C.S.N. Choyang.
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DURBAN AND CAPE TOWN.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
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EUROPEAN PORTS.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
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MARSEILLES.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
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LONDON.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
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LIVERPOOL.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
11—C.S.N. Choyang.
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HAMBURG.

May 10—N.Y.K. Macassar Maru.
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BANKS.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION
(AN AMERICAN BANK)

CAPITAL... U.S. \$ 4,000,000
RESERVE & UNDIVIDED PROFITS... U.S. \$ 1,489,000

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK
BRANCH: SAN FRANCISCO.

HEAD OFFICE FOR THE ORIENT: SHANGHAI.

BRANCHES: CANTON, HANKOW, MANILA, TIENSIN, CHANGSHA, PEKING, SINGAPORE.

D. M. BIGGAR, Manager.

WHY A SHIP IS CALLED "SHE".

Here are some answers to the question: "Why do they call a ship 'she'?"
If you ever tried to steer one you wouldn't ask.
Because it takes so long to get them ready to go anywhere.
They need almost as much dolling up and painting as any woman you ever saw.
A ship's gotta have its own way or it won't go.
Ships always come of the ways backward like the members of a certain sex alighting from street cars.
It costs so much to keep one in operation.
Why, they are always calling at some place or another.
Because shipbuilders can't live without them.
Who ever won an argument from them?
There's plenty of scandal connected with their building.
Because they were held together with steel.
Because they were forever blowing off steam.
Because they frequently tossed their noses "in the air"—Bethlehem Ship News.

The suggestion of an All-China cricket team coming over here after the "ashes" of English cricket is not so improbable as some readers may imagine. There are (says the London Daily Chronicle) some first-rate all-around sportsmen amongst the Chinese in Hongkong and in the Straits Settlements. For several years the Chinese Recreation Club has taken a prominent place in the Hongkong Cricket League, and a year or two ago a Chinaman—Ng See Kwong—made more than one century, heading the batting averages, and took a high position as a bowler. This Ng See Kwong has held the tennis championship of the Colony for three or four years, and two local Chinese hold the doubles championship. All of these players would make a decent showing at Wimbledon, and some of the Straits and Hongkong billiard amateurs might make S. H. Fry and J. R. Hooper sit up and take notice.

EXCHANGE.

Hongkong, May 3, 1921.
On London... 2/6 1/2
Bank Wire... 2/6 1/2
On demand... 2/6 1/2
30 days sight... 2/6 1/2
4 months sight... 2/6 1/2
6 months sight... 2/6 1/2
On New York... 50 1/2
On demand... 50 1/2
30 days sight... 50 1/2
On Bombay... 194 1/2
On Calcutta... 194 1/2
On Singapore... 110 1/2
On Shanghai... 110 1/2
On Yokohama... 104 1/2
On Hongkong... 104 1/2
Gold Loan, 100 fms (per fms) 49.30
Sovereigns (Bank's buying rate) 7.69 n.
Silver (per oz) 34 1/2

SUBSIDIARY COINS.

Hongkong 50 cents sub. ... 1/2 p.
10 ... 1/4 p.
5 ... 1/8 p.
2 ... 1/16 p.
1 ... 1/32 p.
Canton coins ... 1/2 p.
Box Silver in Hongkong ... 2 p.
Chinese Copper Cash ... 2 p.
Chinese Copper Coins ... 2 p.
Rate of Notes Interest ... 6 p.
Chinese Sub. Coin ... 10 p.
Hongkong Sub. Coin ... 1 p.

CAUSE OF DESPONDENCY.

DESPONDENCY is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappears when Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is used. These tablets strengthen the digestion and move the bowels. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

NOTICE.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK-DAYS
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. every 15 minutes
8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. every 15 minutes
9.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. every 15 minutes
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. every 15 minutes
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon every 15 minutes
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
1.00 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
2.00 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
3.00 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
4.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
7.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
8.00 p.m. to 9.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
9.00 p.m. to 10.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
10.00 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every 15 minutes
11.00 p.m. to 12.00 midnight every 15 minutes
12.00 midnight to 1.

